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# **Secondary School Certificate Examination**

## **March 2016**

Marking Scheme — Mathematics 30/1, 30/2, 30/3

#### General Instructions:

- 1. The Marking Scheme provides general guidelines to reduce subjectivity in the marking. The answers given in the Marking Scheme are suggested answers. The content is thus indicative. If a student has given any other answer which is different from the one given in the Marking Scheme, but conveys the meaning, such answers should be given full weightage
- 2. Evaluation is to be done as per instructions provided in the marking scheme. It should not be done according to one's own interpretation or any other consideration Marking Scheme should be strictly adhered to and religiously followed.
- 3. Alternative methods are accepted. Proportional marks are to be awarded.
- 4. In question (s) on differential equations, constant of integration has to be written.
- 5. If a candidate has attempted an extra question, marks obtained in the question attempted first should be retained and the other answer should be scored out.
- 6. A full scale of marks 0 to 100 has to be used. Please do not hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it.
- 7. Separate Marking Scheme for all the three sets has been given.
- 8. As per orders of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The candidates would now be permitted to obtain photocopy of the Answer book on request on payment of the prescribed fee. All examiners/Head Examiners are once again reminded that they must ensure that evaluation is carried out strictly as per value points for each answer as given in the Marking Scheme.

## **QUESTION PAPER CODE 30/1**

## **EXPECTED ANSWER/VALUE POINTS**

### **SECTION A**

1. For 
$$\angle ACB = 90^{\circ}$$

$$\angle$$
 PCA =  $60^{\circ}$ 

**2.** 
$$2(2k-1) = k + 9 + 2k + 7$$

$$k = 18$$

3. 
$$\frac{l}{2.5} = 2$$

$$l = 5 \text{ m}$$

Required Probability: 
$$\frac{24}{52}$$
 or  $\frac{6}{13}$ 

### **SECTION B**

**5.** 
$$2(-5)^2 + p(-5) - 15 = 0 \Rightarrow p = 7$$

$$7x^2 + 7x + k = 0$$
 gives  $49 - 28k = 0 \Rightarrow k = \frac{7}{4}$ 

**6.** 
$$A \xrightarrow{P} Q \xrightarrow{B} P$$
 divides AB in 1 : 2

$$\therefore$$
 Coords of P are:  $(-1, 0)$ 

$$\therefore$$
 Coords of Q are: (-4, 2)

7. 
$$AP = AS$$
,  $BP = BQ$ ,  $CR = CQ$  and  $DR = DS$ 

$$AP + BP + CR + DR = AS + BQ + CQ + DS \Rightarrow AB + CD = AD + BC$$

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

1

1

1

1

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

1

**8.** Let the point be A(3, 0), B(6, 4), C(-1, 3)

$$AB = \sqrt{9+16} = 5$$
,  $BC = \sqrt{49+1} = 5\sqrt{2}$ ,  $AC = \sqrt{16+9} = 5$ 

$$1\frac{1}{2}$$

AB = AC and AB<sup>2</sup> + AC<sup>2</sup> = BC<sup>2</sup>: 
$$\triangle$$
ABC isosceles, right  $\triangle$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

**9.** 
$$a + 3d = 0 \implies a = -3d$$

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$a_{25} = a + 24d = 21d$$

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$3a_{11} = 3(a + 10d) = 3(7d) = 21d$$

1

10. Let 
$$\angle TOP = \theta$$
 :  $\cos \theta = \frac{OT}{OP} = \frac{r}{2r} = \frac{1}{2}$  :  $\theta = 60^{\circ}$  Hence  $\angle TOS = 120^{\circ}$ 

1

In 
$$\triangle OTS$$
,  $OT = OS \Rightarrow \angle OTS = \angle OST = 30^{\circ}$ 

1

#### **SECTION C**

11. 
$$BC^2 = AB^2 - AC^2 = 169 - 144 = 25$$
 :  $BC = 5cm$ 

1

1

Area of the shaded region = Area of semicircle – area of rt.  $\triangle$ ABC

$$= \frac{1}{2}(3.14) \left(\frac{13}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{2}.12 \times 5$$

1

$$= 66.33 - 30 = 36.33 \text{ cm}^2$$
2. Area of canvas needed =  $2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times (1.5) \times 2.1 + \frac{22}{7} \times 1.5 \times 2.8$ 

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$=\frac{22}{7}[6.3+4.2]=\frac{22}{7}\times10.5=33 \text{ m}^2$$

1

1

$$cost = 33 \times 500 = ₹ 16500$$

1

**13.** PA = PB or 
$$(PA)^2 = (PB)^2$$

-

$$(a + b - x)^2 + (b - a - y)^2 = (a - b - x)^2 + (a + b - y)^2$$

1

$$(a + b)^2 + x^2 - 2ax - 2bx + (b - a)^2 + y^2 - 2by + 2ay$$

 $= (a - b)^{2} + x^{2} - 2ax + 2bx + (a + b)^{2} + y^{2} - 2ay - 2by$ 

$$\Rightarrow$$
 4ay = 4bx or bx = ay

**14.** Shaded area = 
$$\pi (14^2 - 7^2) \times \frac{320}{360}$$

$$= \frac{22}{7} \times 147 \times \frac{8}{9}$$

$$= \frac{1232}{3} = 410.67 \text{ cm}^2$$

15. 
$$\frac{\mathrm{Sn}}{\mathrm{S_n'}} = \frac{\mathrm{n/2}(2\mathrm{a} + (\mathrm{n} - 1)\mathrm{d})}{\mathrm{n/2}(2\mathrm{a'} + (\mathrm{n} - 1)\mathrm{d'})} = \frac{7\mathrm{n} + 1}{4\mathrm{n} + 27}$$

$$= \frac{a + \frac{n-1}{2}d}{a' + \frac{n-1}{2}d'} = \frac{7n+1}{An+27} \qquad ...(i)$$

Since 
$$\frac{t_m}{t_m'} = \frac{a + (m-1) d}{a + (m-1) d'}$$
, So replacing  $\frac{n-1}{2}$  by  $m-1$  i.e.  $n = 2m-1$  in (i)

$$\frac{t_{m}}{t_{m}'} = \frac{a + (m-1) d}{a' + (m-1) d'} = \frac{7 (2m-1) + 1}{4 (2m-1) + 27} = \frac{14m - 6}{8m + 23}$$

**16.** Here 
$$3(x-3+x-1) = 2(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)$$

$$\Rightarrow 3(2x-4) = 2(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3 = (x - 1) (x - 3) i.e.  $x^2 - 4x = 0$ 

$$\therefore \quad x = 0, \, x = 4$$

17. Volume of water in conical vessel = 
$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 25 \times 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\therefore \quad \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 25 \times 24 = \frac{22}{7} \times 10 \times 10 \times h$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 h = 2 cm

18. Volume of sphere = 
$$\frac{4}{3} \pi . (6)^3 . \text{cm}^3$$

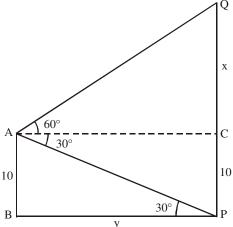
$$\pi r^2 \frac{32}{9} = \frac{4}{3} \pi (6)^3$$

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\Rightarrow$$
 r = 9 cm.

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

19.



Correct Figure

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

In 
$$\triangle ABP$$
,  $\frac{y}{10} = \cot 30^{\circ} = \sqrt{3}$ 

$$y = 10\sqrt{3} \text{ m}$$

In 
$$\triangle ACQ$$
,  $\frac{x}{y} = \tan 60^{\circ} = \sqrt{3}$ 

$$x = \sqrt{3} (10\sqrt{3}) = 30 \text{ m}$$

. Height of hill = 30 + 10 = 40 m 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

**20.** Set of possible outcomes is

{HHH, HHT, HTH, THH, HTT, THT, TTH, TTT}

(i) P(exactly 2 heads) = 3/8

1

1

(ii) P(at least 2 heads) = 4/8 or 1/2

1

(iii) P(at least 2 tails) = 4/8 or 1/2

1

### **SECTION D**

**21.** Slant height of conical part = 
$$\sqrt{(2.8)^2 + (2.1)^2} = 3.5 \text{ m}$$

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

Area of canvas/tent = 
$$2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 2.8 \times 3.5 + \frac{22}{7} \times 2.8 \times 3.5 \text{ m}^2$$
  
= 92.4 m<sup>2</sup>

1

Cost of 1500 tents =  $1500 \times 92.4 \times 120 = ₹ 16632000$ 

1

Share of each school = 
$$\frac{1}{50} \times 1663200$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

1

"Helping the needy"

30/1

22. Correct Given, To prove, Construction and Figure  $4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2$ 

Correct proof

2

23. Correct construction 4

24. AC is tangent to circle with centre 0,

Thus 
$$\angle ACO = 90^{\circ}$$

1

$$\therefore$$
  $\triangle$  AO'D ~  $\triangle$ AOC

1

$$\Rightarrow \frac{AO'}{AO} = \frac{DO'}{CO}$$

1

$$\therefore \frac{DO'}{CO} = \frac{r}{3r} = \frac{1}{3}$$

1

25. 
$$(x + 4) (x + 2 + 2x + 2) = 4(x + 1) (x + 2)$$

1

$$(x + 4) (3x + 4) = 4(x^2 + 3x + 2)$$

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\Rightarrow \quad x^2 - 4x - 8 = 0$$

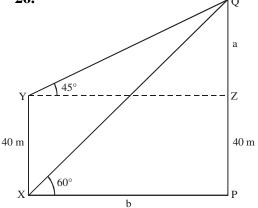
 $1\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\Rightarrow \quad x = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 + 32}}{2} = 2 \pm 2\sqrt{3}$$

26.

Correct Figure

1



In 
$$\Delta YZQ$$
,  $\frac{a}{YZ} = \tan 45^{\circ} = 1$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  YZ = a i.e. a = b

1

In 
$$\triangle QPX$$
,  $\frac{a+40}{b} = \frac{a+40}{a} = \tan 60^{\circ} = \sqrt{3}$ 

$$\therefore (\sqrt{3} - 1) a = 40 \text{ or } a = \frac{40}{\sqrt{3} - 1} = 20(\sqrt{3} + 1)$$

= 20(2.73) = 54.60 m

1

$$\therefore$$
 PX = 54.6 m

PQ = 54.6 + 40 = 94.6m

27. Sum of numbers preceding X

$$= \frac{(X-1)X}{2}$$
 1\frac{1}{2}

Sum of numbers following  $X = \frac{(49)(50)}{2} - \frac{(X-1)}{2} - X$ 

$$=\frac{2450 - X^2 - X}{2}$$
  $1\frac{1}{2}$ 

1

$$\therefore \frac{(X-1)X}{2} = \frac{2450 - X^2 - X}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2X^2 = 2450$$

$$X^2 = 1225$$

[Since there is a typographic error in the question, which makes it unsolvable, hence 4 marks be given to each student]

X = 35

**28.** Coords of D are: 
$$\left(\frac{1(1) + 2(4)}{3}\right)$$
,  $\left(\frac{1(5) + 2(6)}{3}\right)$  i.e.  $\left(3, \frac{17}{3}\right)$ 

Coords of E are: 
$$\left(\frac{1(7) + 2(4)}{3}, \frac{1(2) + 2(6)}{3}\right)$$
 i.e.  $\left(5, \frac{14}{3}\right)$ 

ar. 
$$\triangle ADE = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 4(1) + 3\left(\frac{14}{3} - 6\right) + 5\left(6 - \frac{17}{3}\right) \right] = \frac{5}{6}$$

ar. 
$$\triangle ABC = \frac{1}{2} [4(3) + 1(-4) + 7(1)] = \frac{15}{2}$$

ar. 
$$\triangle ADE$$
: ar.  $\triangle ABC = \frac{5}{6} : \frac{15}{2} \text{ or } 1 : 9$ 

**29.** x can be any one of 1, 2, 3 or 4.

y can be any one of 1, 4, 9 of 16

Total number of cases of 
$$xy = 16$$
 
$$1\frac{1}{2}$$

Number of cases, where product is less than 
$$16 = 8$$
  $1\frac{1}{2}$ 

(6) 30/1

$$\therefore \text{ Required Probability} = \frac{8}{16} \text{ or } \frac{1}{2}$$

**30.** Length of are 
$$\widehat{AP} = 2\pi r \frac{\theta}{360}$$
 or  $\frac{\pi r \theta}{180}$  ...(i)

$$\frac{AB}{r} = \tan \theta \Rightarrow AB = r \tan \theta$$
 ...(ii)

$$\frac{OB}{r} = \sec \theta \Rightarrow OB = r \sec \theta$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$PB = OB - r = r \sec \theta - r \qquad ...(iii)$$

Perimeter = 
$$AB + PB + \widehat{AP}$$
  
=  $r \tan \theta + r \sec \theta - r + \frac{\pi r \theta}{180}$ 

or 
$$r \left[ \tan \theta + \sec \theta - 1 + \frac{\pi \theta}{180} \right]$$

**31.** let x km/h be the speed of the stream

$$\therefore \frac{32}{24 - x} - \frac{32}{24 + x} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 32(2x) = (24 - x) (24 + x)$$
$$x^2 + 64x - 576 = 0$$

$$(x + 72) (x - 8) = 0 \Rightarrow x = 8$$

$$\therefore \text{ Speed of stream} = 8 \text{ km/h}.$$

1

1

# QUESTION PAPER CODE 30/2

## **EXPECTED ANSWER/VALUE POINTS**

#### **SECTION A**

1. 
$$\frac{l}{2.5} = 2$$
  $\frac{1}{2}$   $l = 5 \text{ m}$   $\frac{1}{2}$ 
2.  $2(2k-1) = k + 9 + 2k + 7$   $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$k = 18$$
  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

3. For 
$$\angle ACB = 90^{\circ}$$

$$\angle PCA = 60^{\circ}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

4. No. of red cards and queens: 28 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

Required Probability: 
$$\frac{24}{52}$$
 or  $\frac{6}{13}$   $\frac{1}{2}$ 

## **SECTION B**

5. 
$$AP = AS$$
,  $BP = BQ$ ,  $CR = CQ$  and  $DR = DS$ 

$$AP + BP + CR + DR = AS + BQ + CQ + DS \Rightarrow AB + CD = AD + BC$$
1

**6.** 
$$a + 3d = 0 \Rightarrow a = -3d$$
  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$a_{25} = a + 24d = 21d$$
  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$3a_{11} = 3(a + 10d) = 3(7d) = 21d$$

7. Let 
$$\angle TOP = \theta$$
 :  $\cos \theta = \frac{OT}{OP} = \frac{r}{2r} = \frac{1}{2}$  :  $\theta = 60^{\circ}$  Hence  $\angle TOS = 120^{\circ}$ 

In 
$$\triangle OTS$$
,  $OT = OS \Rightarrow \angle OTS = \angle OST = 30^{\circ}$ 

# Downloaded-From:http://cbseportal.com

30/2

Let the point be A(3, 0), B(6, 4), C(-1, 3)

$$AB = \sqrt{9+16} = 5$$
,  $BC = \sqrt{49+1} = 5\sqrt{2}$ ,  $AC = \sqrt{16+9} = 5$ 

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ 

AB = AC and AB<sup>2</sup> + AC<sup>2</sup> = BC<sup>2</sup>: 
$$\triangle$$
ABC isosceles, right  $\triangle$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

9. 
$$A P Q B (-7, 4)$$

P divides AB in 1:2

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\therefore$$
 Coords of P are:  $(-1, 0)$ 

1

Q is mid-point of PB

$$\therefore$$
 Coords of Q are: (-4, 2)

10. 
$$\sqrt{2x+9} = 13 - x$$

...(i)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2x + 9 = 169 +  $x^2$  - 26x

or 
$$x^2 - 28x + 160 = 0$$
 i.e.  $(x - 20)(x - 8) = 0$ 

1  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$x = 20, 8.$$

$$x = 20$$
 does not satisfy (i)  $\therefore x = 8$ 

1

#### **SECTION C**

 $PA = PB \text{ or } (PA)^2 = (PB)^2$ 11.

1

$$(a + b - x)^2 + (b - a - y)^2 = (a - b - x)^2 + (a + b - y)^2$$

1

$$(a + b)^2 + x^2 - 2ax - 2bx + (b - a)^2 + y^2 - 2by + 2ay$$

$$(a + b)^{2} + x^{2} - 2ax - 2bx + (b - a)^{2} + y^{2} - 2by + 2ay$$

$$= (a - b)^{2} + x^{2} - 2ax + 2bx + (a + b)^{2} + y^{2} - 2ay - 2by$$

 $\Rightarrow$  4ay = 4bx or bx = ay

1

1

12. Volume of water in conical vessel = 
$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 25 \times 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\therefore \quad \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 25 \times 24 = \frac{22}{7} \times 10 \times 10 \times h$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 h = 2 cm

**13.** 
$$BC^2 = AB^2 - AC^2 = 169 - 144 = 25$$
 :  $BC = 5cm$ 

1

Area of the shaded region = Area of semicircle – area of rt.  $\triangle$ ABC

$$= \frac{1}{2}(3.14)\left(\frac{13}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{2}.12 \times 5$$

$$= 66.33 - 30 = 36.33 \text{ cm}^2$$

Volume of sphere =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi .(6)^3.\text{cm}^3$ 

1

$$\therefore \quad \pi r^2 \frac{32}{9} = \frac{4}{3} \pi (6)^3$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 r = 9 cm.

**15.** Area of canvas needed = 
$$2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times (1.5) \times 2.1 + \frac{22}{7} \times 1.5 \times 2.8$$

$$=\frac{22}{7}[6.3+4.2]=\frac{22}{7}\times10.5=33 \text{ m}^2$$

1

$$cost = 33 \times 500 = ₹ 16500$$

**16.** Shaded area = 
$$\pi (14^2 - 7^2) \times \frac{320}{360}$$

2

$$= \frac{22}{7} \times 147 \times \frac{8}{9}$$

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$=\frac{1232}{3}$$
 = 410.67 cm<sup>2</sup>

30°

**17.** 

60°

10

Correct Figure

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

In 
$$\triangle ABP$$
,  $\frac{y}{10} = \cot 30^{\circ} = \sqrt{3}$ 

$$v = 10\sqrt{3} \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore \quad y = 10\sqrt{3} \text{ m}$$

1

In 
$$\triangle ACQ$$
,  $\frac{x}{y} = \tan 60^{\circ} = \sqrt{3}$ 

1

$$x = \sqrt{3} (10\sqrt{3}) = 30 \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore$$
 Height of hill = 30 + 10 = 40 m

30/2

18. Let the three digits be a - d, a, a + d

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\therefore \quad a - d + a + a + d = 3a = 15 \Rightarrow a = 5$$

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

Number is: 100(a - d) + 10(a) + (a + d)

i.e., 111a - 99d.

Number, on reversing the digits is: 100(a + d) + 10a + (a - d)

i.e., 111a + 99d

$$\therefore (111a - 99d) - (111a + 99d) = 594$$

1

$$\Rightarrow$$
 d = -3

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

1

2

2

**19.** Roots are equal :  $(b-c)^2 - 4(c-a)(a-b) = 0$ 

1

$$\Rightarrow$$
  $b^2 + c^2 - 2bc - 4 (ac - a^2 - bc + ab) = 0$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\therefore (b^2 + c^2 + 2bc) - 4a(b + c) + 4a^2 = 0$$

1

$$[(b + c) - 2a]^2 = 0$$

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$b + c - 2a = 0$$
 or  $b + c = 2a$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

**20.** Remaining cards = 52 - 6 = 46

2

P (black king) = 
$$\frac{2}{46}$$
 or  $\frac{1}{23}$ 

1

P (a card of red colour) = 
$$\frac{20}{46}$$
 or  $\frac{10}{23}$ 

1

P (a black card) = 
$$\frac{26}{46}$$
 or  $\frac{13}{23}$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

### **SECTION D**

21. Slant height of conical part = 
$$\sqrt{(2.8)^2 + (2.1)^2} = 3.5 \text{ m}$$

Area of canvas/tent = 
$$2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 2.8 \times 3.5 + \frac{22}{7} \times 2.8 \times 3.5 \text{ m}^2$$
  
= 92.4 m<sup>2</sup>

Cost of 1500 tents = 
$$1500 \times 92.4 \times 120 = ₹ 16632000$$

Share of each school =  $\frac{1}{50} \times 1663200$ 

$$= 7332640 / - \frac{1}{2}$$

1

1

1

"Helping the needy"

**22.** AC is tangent to circle with centre 0,

Thus 
$$\angle ACO = 90^{\circ}$$

$$\therefore \quad \Delta \text{ AO'D} \sim \Delta \text{AOC}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{AO'}{AO} = \frac{DO'}{CO}$$

$$\therefore \frac{DO'}{CO} = \frac{r}{3r} = \frac{1}{3}$$

**23.** x can be any one of 1, 2, 3 or 4.

y can be any one of 1, 4, 9 of 16

Total number of cases of 
$$xy = 16$$
 
$$1\frac{1}{2}$$

Number of cases, where product is less than 
$$16 = 8$$
  $1\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\therefore \text{ Required Probability} = \frac{8}{16} \text{ or } \frac{1}{2}$$

**24.** Coords of D are: 
$$\left(\frac{1(1) + 2(4)}{3}\right)$$
,  $\left(\frac{1(5) + 2(6)}{3}\right)$  i.e.  $\left(3, \frac{17}{3}\right)$ 

Coords of E are: 
$$\left(\frac{1(7) + 2(4)}{3}, \frac{1(2) + 2(6)}{3}\right)$$
 i.e.  $\left(5, \frac{14}{3}\right)$ 

ar. 
$$\triangle ADE = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 4(1) + 3\left(\frac{14}{3} - 6\right) + 5\left(6 - \frac{17}{3}\right) \right] = \frac{5}{6}$$

ar. 
$$\triangle ABC = \frac{1}{2} [4(3) + 1(-4) + 7(1)] = \frac{15}{2}$$

ar. 
$$\triangle ADE$$
: ar.  $\triangle ABC = \frac{5}{6} : \frac{15}{2} \text{ or } 1:9$ 

25. Length of are 
$$\widehat{AP} = 2\pi r \frac{\theta}{360}$$
 or  $\frac{\pi r \theta}{180}$  ...(i)

$$\frac{AB}{r} = \tan \theta \Rightarrow AB = r \tan \theta$$
 ...(ii)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\frac{OB}{r} = \sec \theta \Rightarrow OB = r \sec \theta$$
  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$PB = OB - r = r \sec \theta - r \qquad ...(iii)$$

Perimeter =  $AB + PB + \widehat{AP}$ 

$$= r \tan \theta + r \sec \theta - r + \frac{\pi r \theta}{180}$$

or 
$$r \left[ \tan \theta + \sec \theta - 1 + \frac{\pi \theta}{180} \right]$$

**26.** Sum of numbers preceding X

$$= \frac{(X-1)X}{2}$$
 1\frac{1}{2}

Sum of numbers following  $X = \frac{(49)(50)}{2} - \frac{(X-1)}{2} - X$ 

$$=\frac{2450 - X^2 - X}{2}$$
 1\frac{1}{2}

$$\therefore \frac{(X-1) X}{2} = \frac{2450 - X^2 - X}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2X^2 = 2450$$

$$X^2 = 1225$$

$$X = 35$$

[Since there is a typographic error in the question, which makes it unsolvable, hence 4 marks be given to each student]

30/2 (13)

27. let x km/h be the speed of the stream

$$\therefore \quad \frac{32}{24 - x} - \frac{32}{24 + x} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 32(2x) = (24 - x) (24 + x)

$$x^2 + 64x - 576 = 0$$

$$(x + 72) (x - 8) = 0 \Rightarrow x = 8$$

$$\therefore$$
 Speed of stream = 8 km/h.

28. **Correct Construction** 

 $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$ 29. Correct given, To Prove, Construction, Figure

Correct Proof

1

4

2

1

1

1

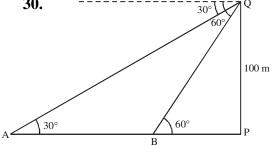
1

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

1

30.



Correct Figure

In 
$$\triangle PBQ$$
,  $\frac{PB}{100} = \cot 60^{\circ} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ 

$$\Rightarrow$$
 PB =  $\frac{100}{\sqrt{3}}$  or  $\frac{100\sqrt{3}}{3}$ 

 $\Delta PAQ$ ,

$$\frac{PA}{100} = \cot 30^{\circ} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$PA = 100\sqrt{3}$$

$$\therefore AB = 100\sqrt{3} - \frac{100\sqrt{3}}{3} = \frac{200\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$= \frac{200(1.73)}{3} = 115.3 \,\mathrm{m}$$

Area of rectangle = x (x - 3), where x is the length 31.

Area of Isosceles 
$$\Delta = \frac{1}{2}(x-3)$$
 (12)

$$x(x-3) - \frac{1}{2}(x-3)(12) = 4$$

$$x^2 - 9x + 14 = 0 \text{ or } (x-7)(x-2) = 0$$
1+1

$$x = 7m$$
. (rejecting  $x = 2$ )

$$\therefore$$
 Length = 7m breadth = 4m

## **QUESTION PAPER CODE 30/3**

## **EXPECTED ANSWER/VALUE POINTS**

### **SECTION A**

No. of red cards and queens: 28

Required Probability:  $\frac{24}{52}$  or  $\frac{6}{13}$ 

2.  $\frac{l}{2.5} = 2$ 

l = 5 m

3. For  $\angle ACB = 90^{\circ}$ 

 $\angle PCA = 60^{\circ}$ 

2(2k-1) = k + 9 + 2k + 7

k = 18

#### **SECTION B**

AP = AS, BP = BQ, CR = CQ and DR = DS

 $AP + BP + CR + DR = AS + BQ + CQ + DS \Rightarrow AB + CD = AD + BC$ 

Let the point be A(3, 0), B(6, 4), C(-1, 3)

 $AB = \sqrt{9+16} = 5, BC = \sqrt{49+1} = 5\sqrt{2}, AC = \sqrt{16+9} = 5$ 

AB = AC and AB<sup>2</sup> + AC<sup>2</sup> = BC<sup>2</sup>:  $\triangle$ ABC isosceles, right  $\triangle$ 

7.  $a + 3d = 0 \Rightarrow a = -3d$ 

 $a_{25} = a + 24d = 21d$ 

 $3a_{11} = 3(a + 10d) = 3(7d) = 21d$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

1

1

1

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

1

1

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

1

(15)

30/3

**8.** 
$$A \xrightarrow{P} Q \xrightarrow{B} P$$
 divides AB in 1 : 2

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

Coords of P are: (-1, 0)

1

Q is mid-point of PB

$$\therefore$$
 Coords of Q are: (-4, 2)

9. Let 
$$\angle TOP = \theta$$
 :  $\cos \theta = \frac{OT}{OP} = \frac{r}{2r} = \frac{1}{2}$  :  $\theta = 60^{\circ}$  Hence  $\angle TOS = 120^{\circ}$ 

1

In 
$$\triangle OTS$$
,  $OT = OS \Rightarrow \angle OTS = \angle OST = 30^{\circ}$ 

1

10. 
$$\sqrt{6x+7} = (2x-7)$$

...(i)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 6x + 7 = 4x<sup>2</sup> - 28x + 49

$$\Rightarrow 2x^2 - 17x + 21 = 0$$

1

$$\Rightarrow (2x - 3)(x - 7) = 0$$

$$x = 3/2, x = 7$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}$$
 does not satisfy (i) :  $x = 7$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

### **SECTION C**

11. Volume of water in conical vessel = 
$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 25 \times 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

1

$$\therefore \quad \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 25 \times 24 = \frac{22}{7} \times 10 \times 10 \times h$$

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\Rightarrow$$
 h = 2 cm

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

**12.** 
$$BC^2 = AB^2 - AC^2 = 169 - 144 = 25$$
 :  $BC = 5cm$ 

1

Area of the shaded region = Area of semicircle – area of rt.  $\triangle$ ABC

$$= \frac{1}{2}(3.14) \left(\frac{13}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{2}.12 \times 5$$

1

$$= 66.33 - 30 = 36.33 \text{ cm}^2$$

**13.** 
$$PA = PB \text{ or } (PA)^2 = (PB)^2$$

$$(a + b - x)^2 + (b - a - y)^2 = (a - b - x)^2 + (a + b - y)^2$$

1

1

$$(a + b)^2 + x^2 - 2ax - 2bx + (b - a)^2 + y^2 - 2by + 2ay$$

$$= (a - b)^{2} + x^{2} - 2ax + 2bx + (a + b)^{2} + y^{2} - 2ay - 2by$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 4ay = 4bx or bx = ay

1

**14.** Area of canvas needed = 
$$2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times (1.5) \times 2.1 + \frac{22}{7} \times 1.5 \times 2.8$$

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$= \frac{22}{7} [6.3 + 4.2] = \frac{22}{7} \times 10.5 = 33 \text{ m}^2$$

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$cost = 33 \times 500 = ₹ 16500$$

1

**15.** Volume of sphere = 
$$\frac{4}{3} \pi . (6)^3 . \text{cm}^3$$

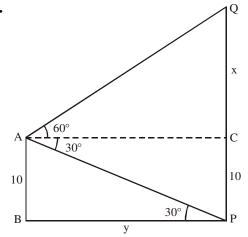
 $1\frac{1}{2}$ 

1

$$\therefore \quad \pi r^2 \frac{32}{9} = \frac{4}{3} \pi (6)^3$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 r = 9 cm.

16.



Correct Figure

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

In 
$$\triangle ABP$$
,  $\frac{y}{10} = \cot 30^{\circ} = \sqrt{3}$ 

$$\therefore y = 10\sqrt{3} \text{ m}$$

In 
$$\triangle ACQ$$
,  $\frac{x}{y} = \tan 60^{\circ} = \sqrt{3}$ 

$$x = \sqrt{3} (10\sqrt{3}) = 30 \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore \text{ Height of hill} = 30 + 10 = 40 \text{ m}$$

17. Shaded area = 
$$\pi (14^2 - 7^2) \times \frac{320}{360}$$

$$= \frac{22}{7} \times 147 \times \frac{8}{9}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$=\frac{1232}{3}$$
 = 410.67 cm<sup>2</sup>

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\therefore \quad \text{Req. Prob.} = \frac{3}{100}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\therefore \text{ Req. Prob.} = \frac{3}{100}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

**19.** Let the number be 
$$x, x + 1, x + 2$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$(x + 1)^{2} - [(x + 2)^{2} - x^{2}] = 60$$

$$x^{2} - 2x - 63 = 0 \text{ or } (x - 9) (x + 7) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
  $x = 9$ 

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

**20.** 
$$S_1 = \frac{n}{2} [2 + (n-1)1] \text{ or } \frac{n}{2} [n+1]$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$S_2 = \frac{n}{2} [2 + (n-1)2] \text{ or } \frac{n}{2} (2n) = n^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$S_3 = \frac{n}{2} [2 + (n-1)3] \text{ or } \frac{n}{2} (3n-1)$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$S_1 + S_3 = \frac{n}{2} [4n] = 2n^2 = 2.S_2$$

$$1\frac{1}{2}$$

### **SECTION D**

21. Slant height of conical part = 
$$\sqrt{(2.8)^2 + (2.1)^2} = 3.5 \text{ m}$$

Area of canvas/tent = 
$$2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 2.8 \times 3.5 + \frac{22}{7} \times 2.8 \times 3.5 \text{ m}^2$$
  
= 92.4 m<sup>2</sup>

Cost of 1500 tents = 
$$1500 \times 92.4 \times 120 = ₹ 16632000$$

Share of each school =  $\frac{1}{50} \times 1663200$ 

$$=$$
 ₹ 332640 /-  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

"Helping the needy"

**22.** Sum of numbers preceding X

$$= \frac{(X-1)X}{2}$$
 1\frac{1}{2}

1

1

1

Sum of numbers following  $X = \frac{(49)(50)}{2} - \frac{(X-1)}{2} - X$ 

$$=\frac{2450-X^2-X}{2}$$
 1\frac{1}{2}

$$\therefore \frac{(X-1)X}{2} = \frac{2450 - X^2 - X}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2X^2 = 2450$$

$$X^2 = 1225$$

$$X = 35$$

[Since there is a typographic error in the question, which makes it unsolvable, hence 4 marks be given to each student]

23. Coords of D are: 
$$\left(\frac{1(1) + 2(4)}{3}\right)$$
,  $\left(\frac{1(5) + 2(6)}{3}\right)$  i.e.  $\left(3, \frac{17}{3}\right)$ 

Coords of E are: 
$$\left(\frac{1(7) + 2(4)}{3}, \frac{1(2) + 2(6)}{3}\right)$$
 i.e.  $\left(5, \frac{14}{3}\right)$ 

ar. 
$$\triangle ADE = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 4(1) + 3\left(\frac{14}{3} - 6\right) + 5\left(6 - \frac{17}{3}\right) \right] = \frac{5}{6}$$

30/3 (19)

ar. 
$$\triangle ABC = \frac{1}{2} [4(3) + 1(-4) + 7(1)] = \frac{15}{2}$$

1

1

ar. 
$$\triangle ADE$$
: ar.  $\triangle ABC = \frac{5}{6} : \frac{15}{2} \text{ or } 1 : 9$ 

**24.** AC is tangent to circle with centre 0,

Thus 
$$\angle ACO = 90^{\circ}$$

$$\therefore \quad \Delta \text{ AO'D} \sim \Delta \text{AOC}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{AO'}{AO} = \frac{DO'}{CO}$$

$$\therefore \quad \frac{DO'}{CO} = \frac{r}{3r} = \frac{1}{3}$$

**25.** let x km/h be the speed of the stream

$$\therefore \quad \frac{32}{24 - x} - \frac{32}{24 + x} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 32(2x) = (24 - x)(24 + x)$$

$$x^2 + 64x - 576 = 0$$

$$(x + 72) (x - 8) = 0 \Rightarrow x = 8$$

$$\therefore$$
 Speed of stream = 8 km/h.

**26.** Length of are 
$$\widehat{AP} = 2\pi r \frac{\theta}{360}$$
 or  $\frac{\pi r \theta}{180}$  ...(i)

$$\frac{AB}{r} = \tan \theta \Rightarrow AB = r \tan \theta$$
 ...(ii)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\frac{OB}{r} = \sec \theta \Rightarrow OB = r \sec \theta$$
  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$PB = OB - r = r \sec \theta - r \qquad ...(iii)$$

Perimeter = 
$$AB + PB + \widehat{AP}$$
  
=  $r \tan \theta + r \sec \theta - r + \frac{\pi r \theta}{180}$ 

or 
$$r \left[ \tan \theta + \sec \theta - 1 + \frac{\pi \theta}{180} \right]$$

27. Correct Given, To prove, Construction and Figure  $4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2$ 

Correct proof

28. Let the time taken by the taps to fill the tank be x minutes, x + 5 minutes resp.

$$\therefore \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x+5} = \frac{9}{100}$$

2

100(2x + 5) = 9x(x + 5)

$$\Rightarrow 9x^2 - 155x - 500 = 0$$

$$(9x + 25) (x - 20) = 0$$

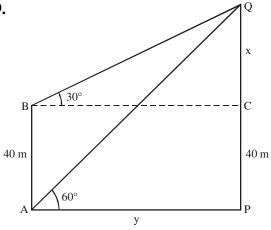
1

$$\Rightarrow$$
 x = 20

Times are 20 min and 25 min

1

29.



Correct Figure

1

$$\frac{x+40}{y} = \tan 60^\circ = \sqrt{3}$$

...(i)

1

$$\frac{x}{y} = \tan 30^{\circ} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

 $x + 40 = \sqrt{3}y$ 

...(ii)

$$x + 40 = 3x \Rightarrow x = 20 \text{ m}$$

 $y = 20\sqrt{3}m$ 

 $\Rightarrow \sqrt{3} x = y$ 

Height of tower = 60 m

Horizontal distance =  $20\sqrt{3}$ m

1

1

**30. Correct Construction**  4

x can be any one of 1, 4, 9, 16 31.

y can be any one of 1, 2, 3, 4

Total number of cases of xy = 16

No. of cases where product more than 16

{18, 27, 36, 32, 48, 64} i.e. 6

Required Prob. =  $\frac{6}{16}$  or  $\frac{3}{8}$ 

1

30/3