

MARKING SCHEME

SOCIAL SCIENCE (OUTSIDE DELHI)

SECONDARY SCHOOL EXAMINATION

SA - II – MARCH, 2016

Series JSR

CODE NO. 32/1, 32/2, 32/3

SET-3

Q. No	EXPECTED ANSWERS/ VALUE POINTS	Page No.	Marks
<u>1</u>	Victor Emmanuel - II was proclaimed King of United Italy in 1861. OR The “Scholar Revolt” in Vietnam in 1868 was led by officials at the imperial court.	Hist. Pg-21 Hist. Pg-39	1
<u>2</u>	Aluminium metal has great importance because :- It combines the strength of metals such as Iron with extreme lightness and also with good conductivity and great malleability.	Geog. Pg-55	1
3	The two Sectional Interest Groups are – 1) Trade Union 2) Business Associations 3) Professional bodies- lawyers, doctors, teachers etc. (Any two names to be given)	DP. Pg-64	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$
4	MNC's set up their offices and factories in those regions where they get cheap labour and other resources because of – 1) Low cost of production. 2) They can earn greater profits. (Any one point to be given)	Eco. Pg-56	1
5	If any damage is done to a consumer by a trader the consumer can move the court to get compensation under his – RIGHT TO SEEK REDRESSAL	Eco. Pg -82	1

6	Difference between Pressure Groups and Political Parties are- 1) Pressure groups do not aim to directly control or share political power but political parties directly control and share political power. 2) Any other relevant point. (Any one point to be given)	DP. Pg-63	1
7	India adopted multi party system because – 1) India is a large country and has social and geographical diversities. 2) It is easy to absorb different diversities in a multi party system. (Any one point to be given)	DP. Pg-77	1
<u>8</u>	Most of the poor households are deprived from the formal sector of loans because of - 1) Lack of collateral. 2) They are illiterate. 3) Cannot fulfill the formalities of the formal sector of loans. (Any one point to be given)	Eco. Pg-50	1
9	Three steps to minimize the environmental degradation caused by industrial development in India are – Every liter of waste water discharged by our industry pollutes eight times the quantity of fresh water. 1) Minimizing use of water for processing by Reusing and Recycling it in two or more successive stages. 2) Harvesting of rain water to meet water requirements. 3) Treating hot water and effluents before releasing them in rivers and ponds. 4) Particulate matter in the air can be reduced by fitting smoke stacks to factories with electrostatic precipitators, fabric filters, scrubbers and inertial separators. 5) Smoke can be reduced by using oil or gas instead of coal in factories. 6) Machinery and equipments can be used and generators should be fitted with silencers. 7) Almost all machineries can be redesigned to increase energy efficiency and reduce noise. 8) Any other relevant measure. (Any three measures to be suggested)	Geog. Pg.- 78	3x1=3

10	A Regional Party is a party that is present in only some States. Conditions required for a party to be recognized as a regional political party are:- 1) A party that secures atleast six percent of the total votes in an election to the legislative assembly of a state. 2) Wins atleast two seats in the legislative assembly. (Definition +Two conditions to be given)	DP. Pg.79	1+2=3
11	Public Interest Groups are those that promote collective rather than selective interests. Their <u>Functioning</u> is as follows:- 1) It aims to help groups other than their own members. 2) They represent some common interest that needs to be defended. 3) The members of the organization may not benefit from the cause that the organization represents. For eg: a group fighting against bonded labour fights not for itself but for those who are suffering under such bondage. 4) For eg: BAMCEF 5) Any other relevant point. (Definition + Any two functions to be described.)	DP. Pg - 64	1+2=3
12	"Rules and regulations are required for the protection of the consumers in the market place." 1. Individual consumers often find themselves in a weak position , whenever there is a complaint regarding a good or service that had been bought , the seller tries to shift all the responsibility on to the buyer. 2. Exploitation in the market place happens in various ways. For eg: sometimes the traders indulge in unfair trade practices such as – when shop keepers weigh less than what they should or when traders add charges that were not mentioned before , or when adulterated or defective goods are sold. 3. At times false information is passed on through the media to attract consumers. 4. Any suitable example. 5. Any other relevant point. (Three arguments to be given)	Eco. Pg – 76, 77	3x1=3

13	“Consumption of energy in all forms has been rising all over the country. There is an urgent need to develop a sustainable path of energy development and energy saving”- Every sector of the National Economy, agriculture, industry, transport, commercial and domestic – needs inputs of energy. With increasing population and changing lifestyles energy consumption is increasing very fast. We are not self sufficient in energy according to demands. Therefore judicious use of limited resources is essential. Three <u>measures</u> to solve this burning problems are – 1) We can do our bit by using public transport systems instead of individual vehicles. 2) Switching off electricity when not in use. 3) Using power saving devices or using non-conventional sources of energy. 4) Checking the power equipments regularly can help in saving of energy. 5) Any other relevant point. (Any three measures to be explained)	Geog Pg-63	3x1=3
14	“The decade of 1830 had brought great economic hardships in Europe”- 1) There was enormous increase in population all over Europe. 2) There were more job seekers than employment. 3) Population from rural areas migrated to the cities to live in over - crowded slums. 4) Small producers in towns faced stiff competition from imports of cheap machine made goods from England where industrialization was more advanced. 5) Peasants struggled under the burden of feudal dues and obligations. 6) Rise of food prices. 7) Bad harvest led to wide spread pauperism in town and country. (Any three arguments to be explained) OR “ The Ho-Chi-Minh Trail became advantageous to Vietnamese in the war against U.S”- 1) The Trail symbolizes how the Vietnamese used their limited resources to great advantage.	Hist. Pg-15	3x1=3

	2) The Trail, an immense network of footpaths and roads was used to transport men and material from North to South. 3) It was improved in late 1950's and from 1967 about 20,000 North Vietnamese troops came south each month. The trail had support bases and hospitals along the way. 4) Mostly supplies were carried by women porters on their backs or on their bicycles. 5) The U.S regularly bombed this trail to disrupt supplies but efforts to destroy this important supply line by intensive bombing failed because they were rebuilt very quickly. (Any three arguments to be given)	Hist. Pg 47	3x1=3
15	During the "Swadeshi Movement" in Bengal the flag designed was a – <u>TRICOLOUR FLAG</u> The two <u>features</u> of the flag were – 1) The colour of the flag was - Red, Green and Yellow. 2) It had eight lotuses representing eight provinces in British India. 3) It had a crescent moon representing Hindus and Muslims. (Any two features to be given)	Hist. Pg-72	1+2=3
16	" The plantation workers in Assam had their own understanding of Mahatma Gandhi and the notion of Swaraj"- 1) For plantation workers in Assam, freedom meant the right to move freely in and out of the confined space in which they were enclosed. 2) Swaraj meant retaining a link the village from which they had come. 3) Under the Inland Emigration Act of 1859 plantation workers were not permitted to leave the Tea Gardens without permission. 4) When they heard of the Non-Cooperation movement thousands of workers defied the authorities, left the plantations and headed home. 5) They believed that Gandhi Raj was coming and everyone would be given land in their own village. (Any three arguments to be given)	Hist. Pg.60	3x1=3
<u>17</u>	The three components of political party are – 1) The leaders 2) The Active members 3) The followers (These three components to be analysed)	DP. Pg.73	3x1=3

<u>18</u>	Consumers are exploited in the market place in following ways:- 1) Weigh less than what they should. 2) Traders add charges that were not mentioned before. 3) Traders sell adulterated or defective goods. 4) False information is passed through the media and other sources to attract consumers. 5) Any other relevant point. (Any three points to be given)	Eco. Pg: 76,77	3x1=3
<u>19</u>	“The Consumer movement arose out of dissatisfaction of the consumers”- 1) As many unfair practices were being indulged in by the sellers. 2) There was no legal system available to the consumers to protect them from exploitation in the market place. 3) In India, the consumer movement as a “Social Force” originated with the necessity of protecting and promoting the interest of consumers against unethical and unfair trade practices. 4) Rampant Food shortage, hoardings black marketing, adulteration of food and edible oil gave birth to the consumer movement in an organized form in the 1960's. 5) Any other relevant point. (Any three points to be explained)	Eco Pg:77	3x1=3
<u>20</u>	<i>It is a repeated question (Q. No. 9 - in the same set) so full marks to be awarded whether attempted or not.</i>	Geog. Pg.- 78	3x1=3
21	Formal sector loans can be made beneficial for poor farmers and workers in the following ways:- 1) Create awareness to farmers about formal sector loans. 2) Process of providing loans should be made easier. 3) It should be simple, fast and timely. 4) More number of Nationalized Banks/cooperative banks should be opened in rural sector. 5) Banks and cooperatives should increase facility of providing loans so that dependence on informal sources of credit reduces. 6) The benefits of loans should be extended to poor farmers and small scale industries.	Eco Pg: 49,50	5x1=5

	7) While formal sector loans need to expand, it is also necessary that everyone receives these loans. 8) Any other relevant point. (Any five points to be explained)		
<u>22</u>	Civil Disobedience Movement came into force in various parts of the country:- 1) Gandhiji led the salt march from Sabarmati Ashram to Dandi with his followers starting the Civil Disobedience Movement. 2) Thousands in different parts of the country broke the salt law, manufactured salt and demonstrated in front of government salt factories. 3) In the country side like the rich Patidars of Gujarat and Jats of Uttar Pradesh were active in the movement. 4) As rich peasant communities were very hard hit by the trade depression and falling prices, they became enthusiastic supporters of the Civil Disobedience Movement. 5) As the depression continued and cash income dwindled, the small tenants found it difficult to pay the rent. They wanted the unpaid rent to the landlords to be remitted and thus they joined the movement. 6) Merchants and industrialists supported the movement by giving the financial assistance and refused to buy and sell the imported goods. 7) The industrial working class of Nagpur region participated in the CDM. 8) Railway worker, dock workers, mineral of Chota Nagpur etc. participated in protest rallies and boycott campaigns. 9) Women also participated in large number 10) Any other relevant point. (Any five points to be explained.)	History Pg:65,66	5x1=5
<u>23</u>	Classification of communication services in two categories: A. Personal communication. B. Mass communication. <u>Features:</u> A. <u>Personal communication</u> 1) Communication between two or more persons at personal level. 2) The Indian postal network handles parcels as well as personal written communication.		

	3) Cards and envelopes posts and telegraph, email. 4) Telephone services like STD, ISD provide easy and comfortable network to a large number of people. B. <u>Mass communication:</u> 1) It is the communication through which one can communicate with several people at the same time. 2) It provides the entertainment and creates awareness among people about various National programmes and policies. 3) It includes print media like newspapers, magazines, book etc and electronic media like Radio, Television etc.	Geog Pg:90	2+ 1½ +1½=5
24	Impact of Globalization on Indian Economy. 1) Higher standard of living in urban areas. 2) The impact has not been uniform among producers and workers. 3) There is greater choice before the consumers who now enjoy improved quality and lower prices for several products. 4) MNC's have increased their investments in India leading to more job opportunities. 5) Globalization has enabled some large Indian companies to emerge as MNC's themselves like Tata Motors, Infosys, Ranbaxy, Asian Paints etc. 6) Globalization has also created new opportunities for companies providing services particularly those involving IT(Information Technology). For example: the Indian company producing a magazine for the London based company and call centers. 7) Local companies supply raw materials to foreign industries and have prospered. However, for a large number of producers and workers, globalization has posed major challenges. (Any Five points to be explained)	Eco Pg: 66,67	5x1=5
<u>25</u>	" Democracy stands much superior in promoting dignity and freedom of the citizens":- 1) Every individual wants to receive respect from fellow beings. 2) The passion for respect and freedom are basis of democracy.		

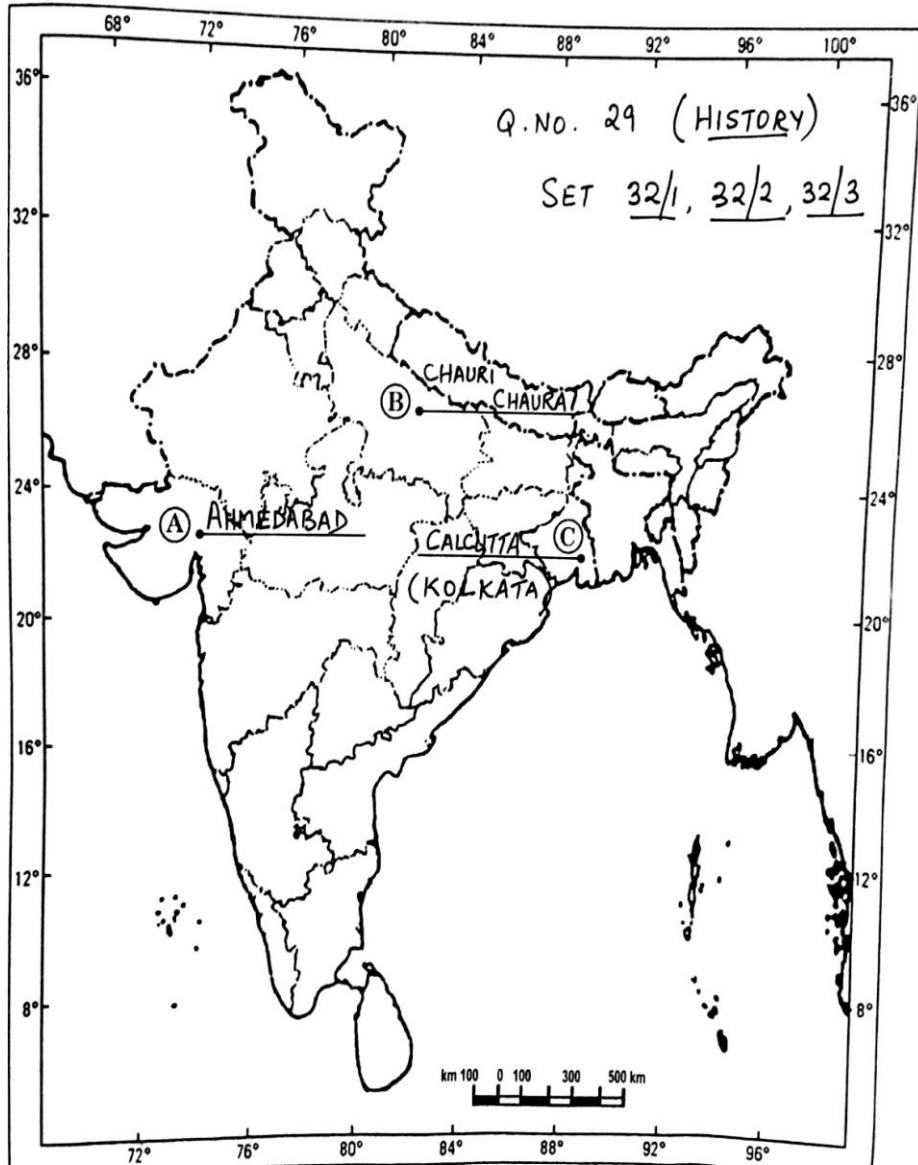
	3) Democracies throughout the world have recognized this. It has been achieved in various degrees in various democracies. 4) Long struggles by women have got them respect and equal treatment. 5) In many democracies women were deprived of their right to vote for a long time which they have achieved now. 6) In India 1/3rd OF seats have been reserved for women in local bodies. 7) Democracy has strengthened the claims of the disadvantaged and discriminated castes for equal status and equal opportunity. (To be assessed as a whole)	DP. Pg.97 , 98	5
26	“Roadways still have an edge over railways in India”- 1) Construction cost of roadways is much lower than that of railways. 2) Roads can traverse comparatively more dissected and undulating topography. 3) Roads can negotiate higher gradients of slopes and can traverse mountains like Himalayas. 4) Road transport is economical in transportation of few persons and small amount of goods over short distances. 5) It also provides door to door service. 6) Cost of loading and unloading is much lower. 7) Road transport is also used as a feeder to other modes of transport such as they provide link between railway station, air and sea ports. 8) Any other relevant point. (Any five arguments to be given)	Geog Pg 82	5x1=5
27	“Political parties are necessary condition for a democracy”- 1) Without political parties democracies cannot exist. 2) If we do not have political parties – in such a situation every candidate in elections will be independent. 3) No one will be able to make any promises to the people about any major policy changes.		

	4) The government may be formed but its utility will remain uncertain. 5) Elected representative will be accountable to their constituency for what they do in their locality. 6) But no one will be responsible for how the country will run. 7) The role of opposition party in a democracy necessitates the existence of political parties. 8) As societies become large and complex they also needed some agencies to gather different views on various issues and to present these to the government, that's why political parties are needed (Any five arguments to be given)	DP Pg :74	5x1=5
28	"Napoleon had destroyed democracy in France but in administrative field he had incorporated revolutionary principles in order to make the whole systems more rational and efficient." - 1) All privileges based on birth were removed. 2) Established equality before law. 3) Right to property was given. 4) Simplified administrative divisions. 5) Feudal system was abolished and freed peasants from serfdom and manorial dues. 6) Guild restrictions were removed. 7) Transport and communication systems were improved. 8) Any other relevant point. (Any five points to be analysed) OR "The peace negotiations in Geneva followed the division of Vietnam that set in motion a series of events that turned Vietnam into a battle field." - 1) In the peace negotiations in Geneva that followed the French defeat, The Vietnamese were persuaded to accept the division of the country i.e. North and South. 2) The division set in motion a series of events that turned Vietnam into a battlefield bringing death and destructions to its people as well as the	Hist Pg - 06	5x1=5

	environment. 3) The Bao Dai regime was soon overthrown by a coup led by Ngo Dinh Diem. Diem built a repressive and authoritarian government. 4) Anyone who opposed him was called a Communist and was jailed and killed. 5) With the help of Ho Chi Minh government in North the NLF fought for the unification of the country. The U.S watched this alliance with fear. Worried about the communist gaining power, it decided to intervene decisively sending in troops and arms. (Analyze any five points)	History Pg:43 - 46	5x1=5
29	See answer on attached Map. For Blind Candidates – 29.1) Ahmedabad 29.2) Chauri Chaura 29.3) Nagpur		3x1=3
30	See answer on attached Map. For Blind Candidates – 30.1) Assam 30.2) Chattisgarh 30.3) Tuticorin		3x1=3

भारत का रेखा-मानचित्र (राजनीतिक)

Outline Map of India (Political)



भारत का रेखा-मानचित्र (राजनीतिक)
Outline Map of India (Political)

